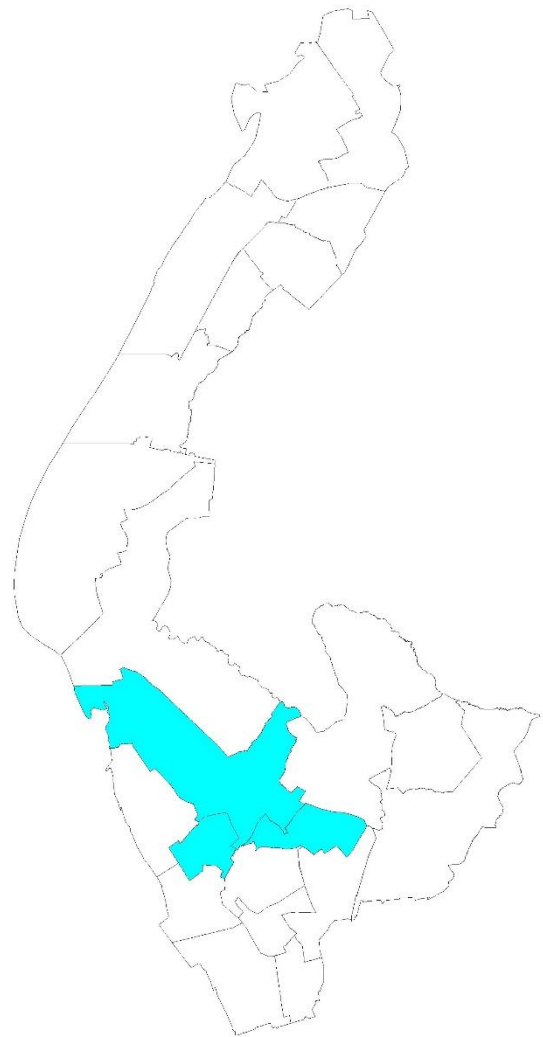


Family Wellbeing Centre Profile

Netherton & Thornton



Released: 6th September 2021

Collated by Della Haddley
Commissioning Support & Business Intelligence Service
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Document Control

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Release	Wayne Leatherbarrow
Authority	Sevice Manager - Performance & Intelligence

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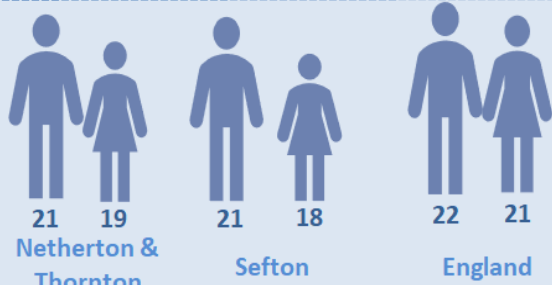
Restricted Internal

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Highlights

Aged 0-17



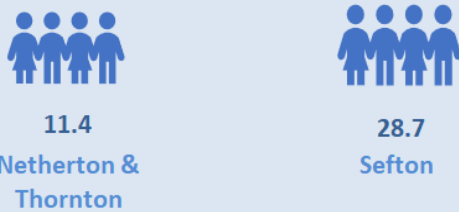
Proportion of total Population

Free School Meals



Rate per 1,000 Population 0-17 Free School Meals (Jan 2020)

Children Social Care



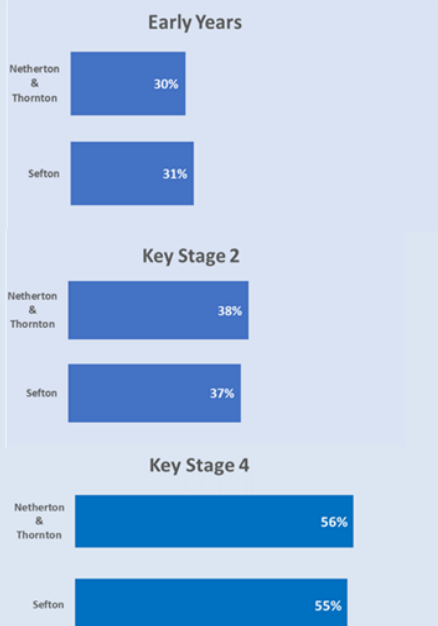
Number per 1,000 population of 0-17-year olds at 31/12/2020

Early Help Episodes



Number per 1,000 population of 0-17-year olds at 31/12/2020

Educational Attainment



Percentage of Children NOT Achieving a Good Level of Development or Attaining Standard (18/19)

Children Centre Registration



Rate of Under-18s per 1000 population Nov'17 to Oct'18

Sefton Turnaround Claims



Rate per 1,000 population of claims made as at 31/12/20 on Troubled Families Outcomes Phase 3

Overview

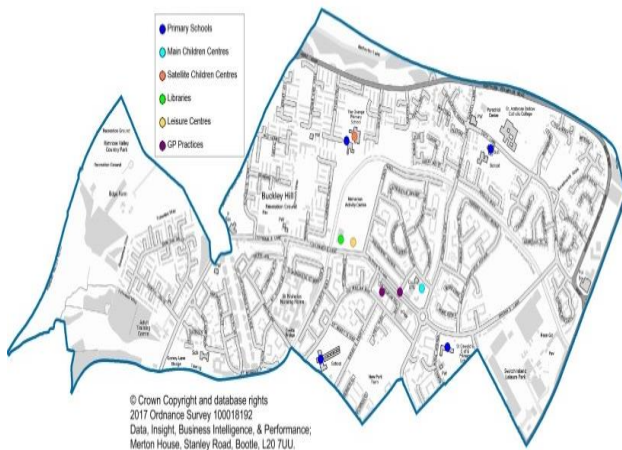
Sefton is a metropolitan borough of Merseyside; England and its local authority is Sefton Council.

The Netherton & Thornton Family Wellbeing Centres are based at Magdalen Square, Netherton and Stannyfield Drive, Thornton and provides services to the wards of St Oswald, Manor and Victoria, three of the 22 wards that make up Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council. St Oswald is located in the south of the borough and covers part of the Netherton area. Manor is located in the centre of the borough and covers part of the Thornton, Little Crosby and Hightown areas. Victoria is located in the centre of the borough and covers the Great Crosby area.

In the Netherton & Thornton reach there are:

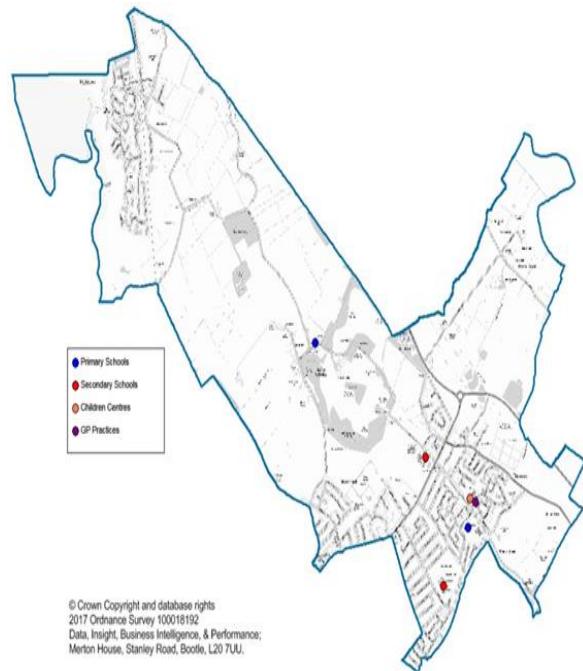
St Oswald

- Four Primary Schools
- One main Children Centre
- One satellite Children Centre
- One Library
- One Leisure Centre
- Two General Practitioner (GP) Surgeries



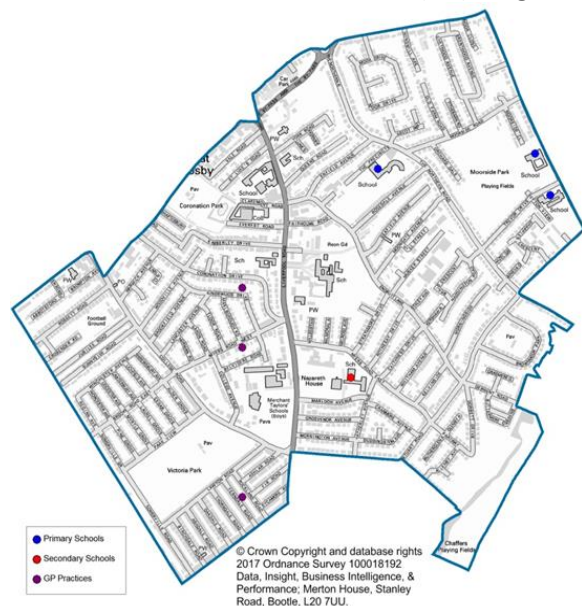
Manor

- Two Primary Schools
- Two Secondary Schools
- One Special School
- One General Practitioner (GP) Surgery
- One Children Centre



Victoria

- Three Primary Schools
- One Secondary School
- Three General Practitioner (GP) Surgeries



Demographics

The proportion of females to males falls in line with the wider Sefton rate is 52-48 per cent, whereas Liverpool City Region and England are approximately 51-49.

After a review of the 2011 census, 97.4% of the Sefton population has a White ethnic background with 2.6% of the Sefton population having Black, Minority Ethnicity (BME).

Sefton's most commonly used languages: 98.0% of people living in Sefton speak English. The other top languages spoken are 0.6% Polish, 0.1% Portuguese, 0.1% All other Chinese, 0.1% Latvian, 0.1% Spanish, 0.1% Lithuanian, 0.1% Arabic, 0.1% Bengali, 0.1% Turkish.

19.9% of the population of the area are under 18 and just under two thirds (60.5%) are of traditional working age (16-64).

Deprivation

The level of income deprivation affecting children is lower than the Sefton rates across the board.

Employment

Almost half (46%) of the total population in Netherton & Thornton are in employment, which is almost three quarters of the 16-64-year-old population in the area.
4% are unemployed
4% are recorded as students.

Benefits

Only 5% of the households in Netherton & Thornton are receiving Housing Benefit.
12% of the total ELAS (Emergency Limited Assistance Scheme) applications between January and December 2020 originated from the area.

Education

The schools within the Netherton & Thornton area have a higher proportion of males to females 51% to 49%.

Eleven schools were rated as 'Good' by OFSTED with one achieving 'Outstanding' and one 'Requiring Improvement'.

The rate of Free School Meals was higher than Sefton borough.

Just over 14% students received SEN/EHC support of which 3.2% were on an Education Health & Care Plan.

The percentage of Netherton and Thornton students achieving less than expected across Early Years, Key Stage 2 and Key Stage 4 was comparable with Sefton borough.

Community Safety

Overall levels of crime in the Netherton & Thornton area are lower than Sefton as a whole.

Violent crime is the most reported type – representing over a third of crime in the area.

Levels of anti-social behaviour (ASB) are slightly lower than with Sefton-wide patterns 'Rowdy Inconsiderate Behaviour' being the most common type of ASB.

The rate of Deliberate Fire incidents in Netherton & Thornton per 1,000 population is slightly higher than across Sefton with 'Secondary Fires' being the highest incident reported.

Social Care

The support needs from Children's Social Care and Early Help provision are lower compared to the Sefton average.

YOT

Between January 2020 and December 2020 there were 22 young people on YOT interventions.

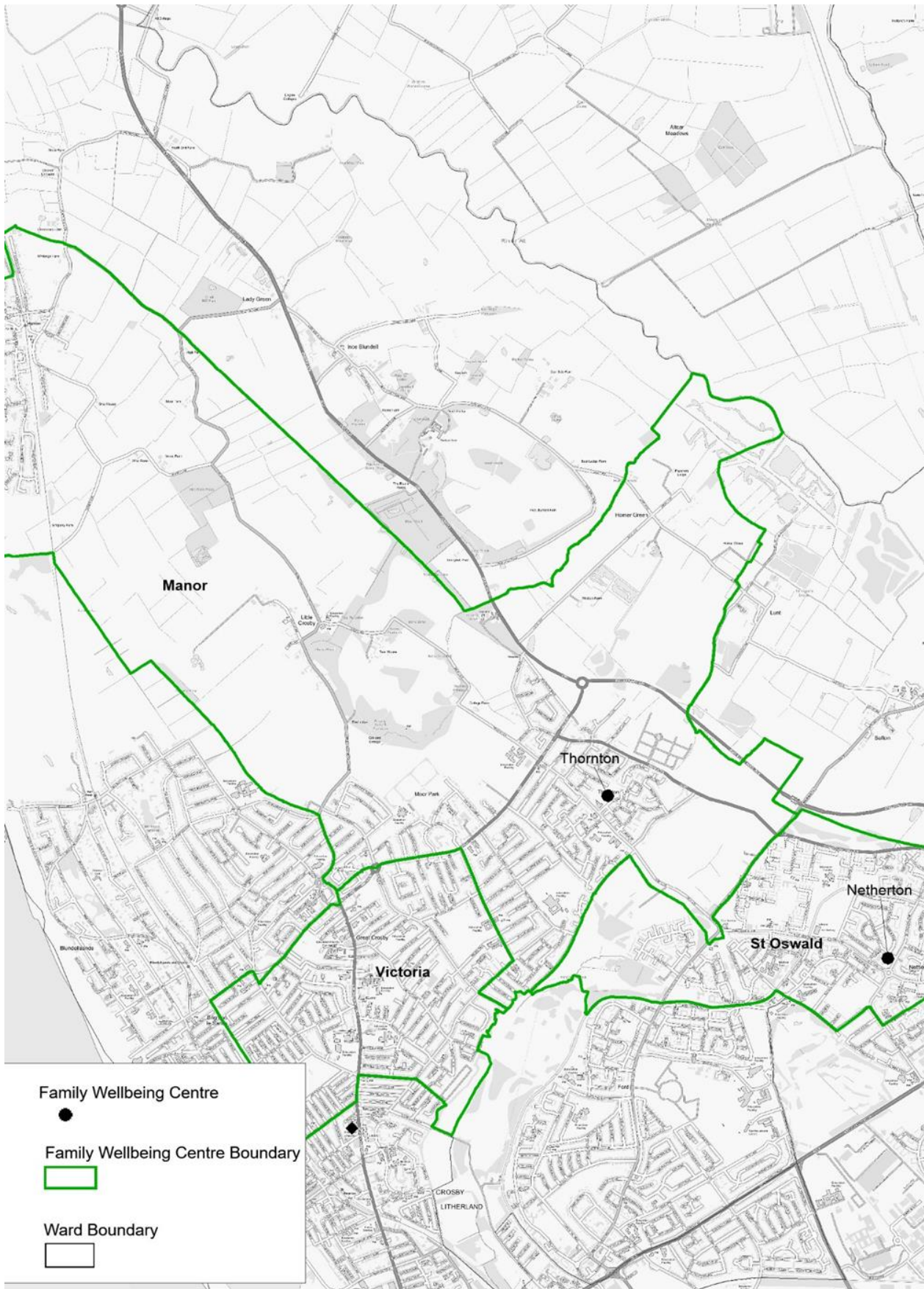
The COVID-19 pandemic has led to a dramatic loss of human life and presents an unprecedented challenge to public health, food systems and the world of work. The economic and social disruption caused by the pandemic is devastating. People are at risk of falling into extreme poverty and being undernourished.

Workforces are at risk of losing their livelihoods without the means to earn an income during lockdowns, many are unable to feed themselves and their families. For most, no income means no food, or, at best, less food and less nutritious food.

Different forms of support are key, including cash transfers, child allowances and healthy school meals, shelter and food relief initiatives, support for employment retention and recovery, and financial relief for businesses, including micro, small and medium-sized enterprises. In designing and implementing such measures it is essential that governments work closely with employers and workers.

It is uncertain how long the impact of the Covid 19 pandemic will continue to influence the economy and livelihoods.

Therefore, given the frequency with which some data sets within this document are updated, the information recorded may not fully yet reflect the full impact.



Demographics

The proportion of females to males is 52-48 in Netherton & Thornton which falls in line with Sefton. Liverpool City Region and England are approximately 51%-49%.

The percentage of working age (16-64) individuals in Netherton & Thornton (60.5%), 1% higher than across Sefton and 2% lower than the wider Liverpool City Region and England. This may mean that demand for jobs or benefit support in the area would be slightly higher than that of the borough.

Netherton & Thornton accounts for 14% of the 0-5-year olds across the entire Sefton borough and 13.8% of the under 18-year olds.

At June 2019, the most recent data available for Teenage Pregnancies, Sefton recorded a rate per 1,000 population of 20.7 which is comparable to the rate Regionally (21.1) but slightly higher than England (16.4).

	Netherton & Thornton	Percentage			
		Netherton & Thornton	Sefton	North West	England
Total	37,429				
Males	17,906	47.8%	48.1%	49.4%	49.4%
Females	19,523	52.2%	51.9%	50.6%	50.6%
0-17	7,441	19.9%	19.6%	21.3%	21.4%
0-19	8,190	21.9%	21.5%	23.6%	23.6%
16-64	22,654	60.5%	59.0%	62.1%	62.4%
18-64	21,886	58.5%	56.9%	60.0%	60.2%
55-65	6,488	17.3%	15.9%	13.5%	13.1%
65+	8,102	21.6%	23.6%	18.7%	18.4%
85+	1,192	3.2%	3.5%	2.4%	2.5%

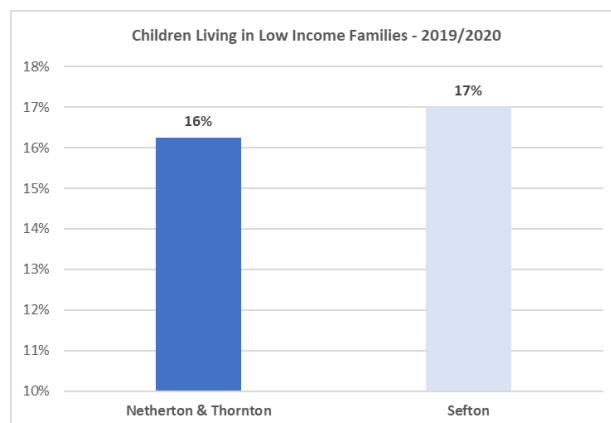
Food bank

In the financial year 2019/20 households in the Netherton & Thornton reach received 873 Food bank vouchers from the Trussell Trust, which accounted for 10.4% of the Sefton total. These vouchers helped 2,101 people (1,123 adults and 978 children).

Deprivation

Children Living in Low Income Families

The percentage of 0-19-year olds living in low income families during 2019/2020 in the Cambridge reach was 1% lower than Sefton as a whole.



Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) by Netherton & Thornton Schools (2019)

Within the Sefton Borough, 13,053 children attending schools are affected by income deprivation of which 17.3% are attending schools within the Netherton & Thornton reach.

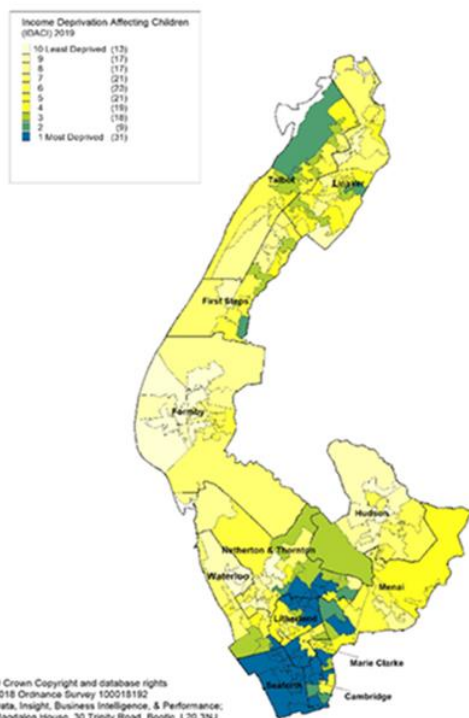
School	IDACI 10	IDACI 20	IDACI 30	IDACI Bottom 30%
Primary				
Forefield Junior	18	54	37	109
Forefield Infants	11	46	31	88
Great Crosby	23	23	21	67
St Mary's	5	9	8	22
St William of York	55	70	89	214
Netherton	100	73	23	196
The Grange	161	75	11	247
St Oswalds	105	21	56	182
St Benedict's	53	41	76	170
Academy/Secondary				
Sacred Heart	212	90	21	323
Chesterfield	283	155	100	538
Holy Family	14	14	26	54
Special				
Newfield	26	14	9	49
Total	1066	685	508	2259
SEFTON	7,324	3,040	2,689	13,053

Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) by Netherton & Thornton Schools (2019)

Within the Sefton Borough, 3,433 children attending schools are affected by Multiple Deprivation of which 19% are attending schools within the Netherton & Thornton reach.

School	IMD 10	IMD 20	IMD 30	IMD Bottom 30%
Primary				
Forefield Junior	24	56	44	44
Forefield Infants	14	51	34	34
Great Crosby	26	45	61	61
St Mary's	4	11	22	22
St William of York	69	64	89	89
Netherton	163	23	30	30
The Grange	185	66	7	7
St Oswalds	144	20	39	39
St Benedict's	84	32	66	66
Academy/Secondary				
Sacred Heart	277	111	63	63
Chesterfield	359	141	134	134
Holy Family	22	15	56	56
Special				
Newfield	42	11	9	9
Total	1413	646	654	654
SEFTON	9,356	3,309	3,433	3,433

Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index IDACI Score by LSOA (2019)



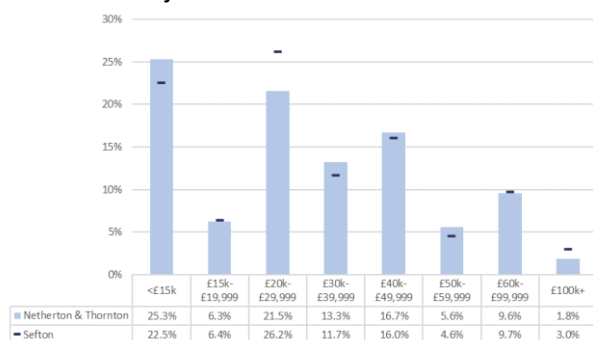
Implications for Service Delivery

Due to the demographic makeup, the overall lower yet increasing deprivation and average to better health seen across the area, demands on services in the area should be lower than compared to other areas and Sefton as a whole; however, these may increase in the foreseeable future due to an aging population and increases in overall deprivation seen. Key service demands could include:

- There are small pockets of higher-level deprivation of all types in the area coupled with increased levels of certain type could lead to the requirement for more services than compared to most residents across the borough.
- Budgets cuts seen by both Merseyside Police and Merseyside Fire and Rescue coupled with the increases in rates deliberate fire incidents within the area may result in increases in demand and therefor increasing level of direct costs. Associated with these issues are also indirect costs including lowered levels of community satisfaction and wellbeing; and reduced attractiveness to encourage businesses and job creators to locate in the area.
- There are overall lower than average levels of reliance on benefits in the area, yet changes made in the Welfare Reform Act may see increased levels of vulnerable households and widening in inequalities in households, leading to demands on services such as Food Banks, Emergency Limited Assistance Scheme, Housing Benefits, and Homeless Services.
- Demand on services including adult social care and health services may be higher than average in Netherton & Thornton. Living in socioeconomically deprived areas is associated with poor health and a shorter life and the direct effect of COVID-19 is making these inequalities worse. The wider indirect effects of the pandemic on health – for example from foregone care for other conditions, and ill-health resulting from economic insecurity – are likely to have a similar but longer lasting impact.

Welfare, Economy, & Business

According to Experian Mosaic in 2020, just over a quarter of households within Netherton and Thornton had an annual income of less than £15,000, slightly higher than the rate across Sefton. However, the rate of household income between £20,000 and £29,999, Netherton and Thornton was just under 5% lower than in Sefton.



Economically Active

Almost half of the total population of the area are in employment, which accounts for 75% of the 16-64-year-old population in the area.

4% are unemployed

4% are recorded as students.

The rate of employment in Netherton & Thornton across the board is higher than in Sefton and England with the exception of self-employed which is slightly lower.

Economic Activity	Netherton & Thornton		Sefton		England	
Population	37,429	%	276,410	%	56,286,961	%
All	31,100	83%	226,435	82%	42,989,620	76%
In employment	17,160	46%	122,709	44%	25,308,888	45%
Employee: Part-time	4,676	12%	34,068	12%	6,191,031	11%
Employee: Full-time	10,453	28%	71,988	26%	15,221,760	27%
Self-employed	2,031	5%	16,653	6%	3,896,097	7%
Unemployed	1,669	4%	11,103	4%	2,023,485	4%
Student	1,319	4%	8,719	3%	2,262,981	4%

Free School Meals

There were 1,050 children at schools within the Netherton & Thornton area who were in receipt of Free School Meals which equates to 19% of the population, comparable with Sefton as a whole.

1,219 Netherton & Thornton pupils were eligible for Pupil Premium Funding (22%), 1% higher than Sefton.

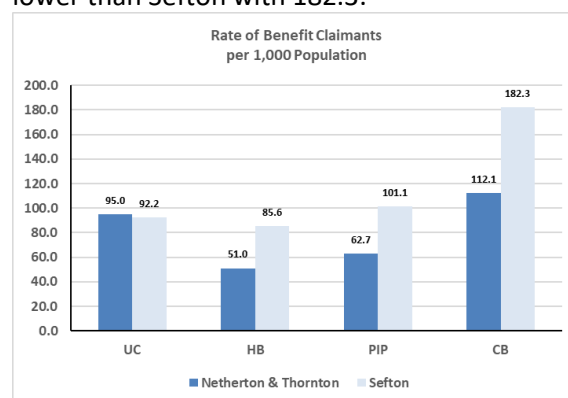
Benefits

As at Jan'21 of all working age benefit claimants (16-64) within the area, 6% were in receipt of Personal Independent Payment (PIP). This is a rate of 62.7 per 1,000 population, lower than across Sefton with 101.1 per 1,000.

As at Jan'21 there were 3,556 Universal Credit (UC) claimants in the area. This is a staggering increase compared to Jan'20 (1,924) primarily as a result of the current Covid Pandemic and increased redundancies. Netherton & Thornton has a slightly higher rate of UC claimants 95.0 per 1,000 population in comparison to Sefton 92.2.

In Nov'20, 5% of households in the area were claiming Housing Benefit, a rate of 51.0 per 1,000 population much lower in comparison to Sefton with 85.6.

At Aug'19, 11% of families were in receipt of Child Benefits, a rate of 112.1 per 1,000 population, lower than Sefton with 182.3.



Emergency Limited Assistance Scheme (ELAS) Applications

Between January 2020 and December 2020 there were 869 applications to Sefton's Emergency Limited Assistance Scheme (ELAS) by residents within Netherton and Thornton, 11.9% of all ELAS applications made. This makes up 2.9% of residents aged 18 and over in the area which is slightly lower than the 3.3% throughout the borough. Of the applications in the area, 51% were approved in full, with 10% being partially approved but 39% not being approved.

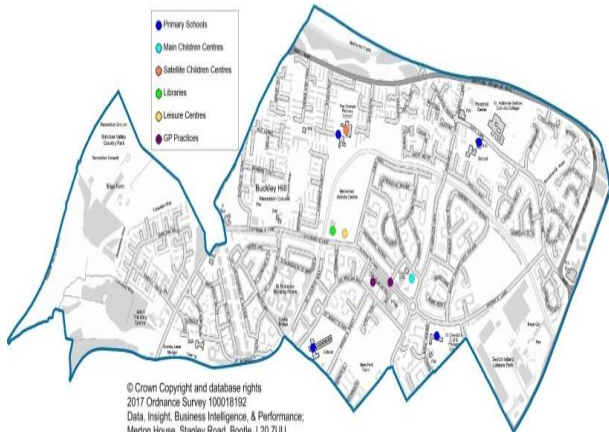
Jan'20 to Dec'20	Netherton & Thornton	Sefton
Total Applications	869	7273
Approved	447	3854
Partially Approved	86	739
Not Approved	336	2680

Education

School locations in the Netherton & Thornton FWC Reach:

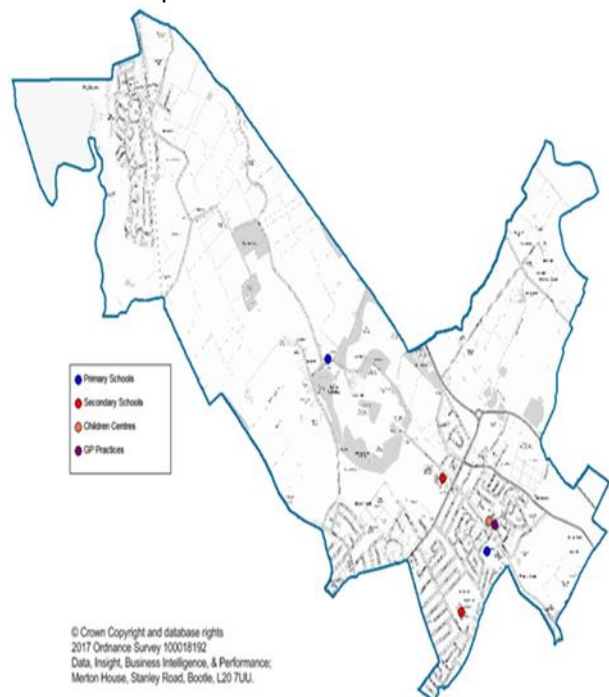
St Oswald

- Four Primary Schools



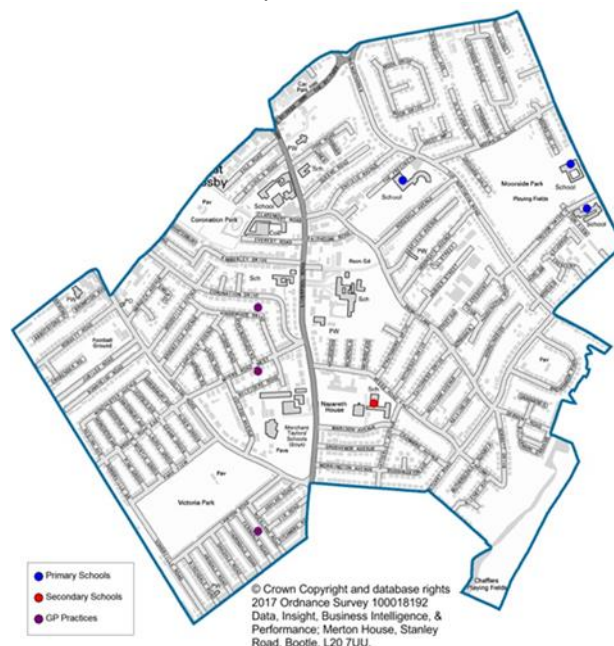
Manor

- Two Primary Schools
- Two Secondary Schools
- One Special School



Victoria

- Three Primary Schools
- One Secondary School



At the most recently available school census (January 2020) there were 5,528 children registered at schools within the Netherton and Thornton FWC area.

2,768 – Primary

2,672 – Secondary/Academy

208 – Special

The percentage of male to female children is the same as Sefton 51% to 49%.

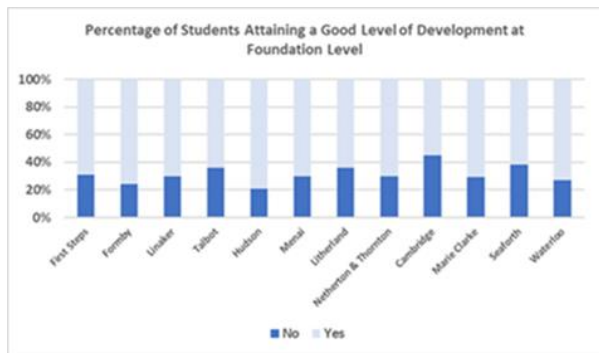
School	Primary	Secondary	Special	Total
Primary				
Forefield Junior	358	0	0	358
Forefield Infants	329	0	0	329
Great Crosby	731	0	0	731
St Mary's	108	0	0	108
St William of York	263	0	0	263
Netherton	222	0	0	222
The Grange	288	0	0	288
St Oswalds	226	0	0	226
St Benedict's	243	0	0	243
Academy/Secondary				
Sacred Heart	0	1271	0	1271
Chesterfield	0	1194	0	1194
Holy Family	207	0	0	207
Special				
Newfield	0	0	88	88
Total	2975	2465	88	5528
SEFTON	22,923	15,990	655	9,356

At their most recent OFSTED inspections 11 schools were rated ‘Good’, with Forefield Infants receiving an ‘Outstanding’ rating. However, this inspection was completed in 2009.

Sacred Heart College was inspected in 2018 and received a rating ‘Requires Improvement’

School	Ofsted Rating	Date of Last Inspection
Primary		
Forefield Junior	2 Good	17-11-2015
Forefield Infants	1 Outstanding	19-06-2009
Great Crosby	2 Good	06-12-2017
St Mary's	2 Good	28-06-2017
St William of York	2 Good	06-12-2018
Netherton	2 Good	27-11-2019
The Grange	2 Good	11-01-2018
St Oswalds	2 Good	15-03-2017
St Benedict's	2 Good	13-03-2018
Academy/Secondary		
Sacred Heart	3 Requires Improvement	20-09-2018
Chesterfield	2 Good	12-04-2018
Holy Family	2 Good	24-01-2019
Special		
Newfield	2 Good	12/04/2018

Early Years

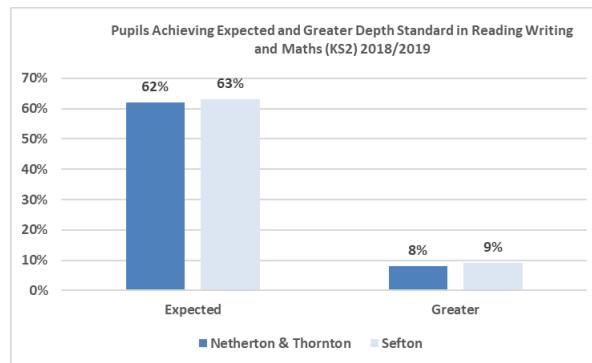


Just under three quarters (70%) of the children in Early Years provision were at or exceeding the expected developmental level.

In addition to the schools, there are 5 registered Day Nurseries with 15 registered Child Minders.

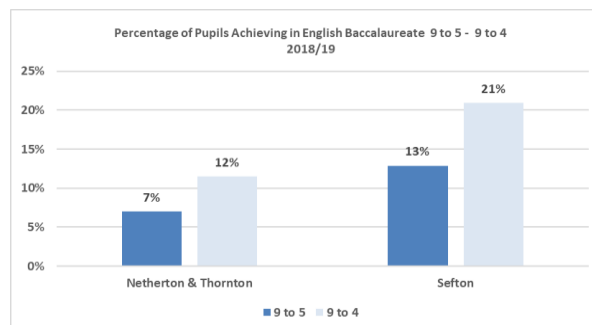
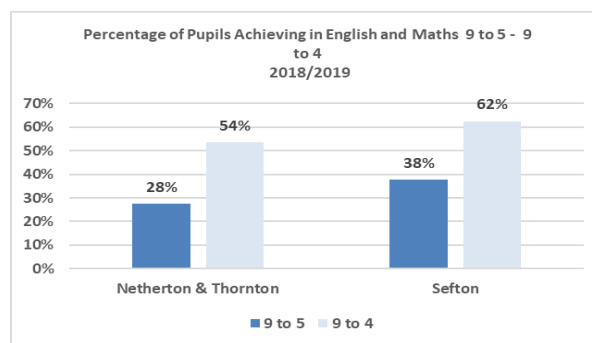
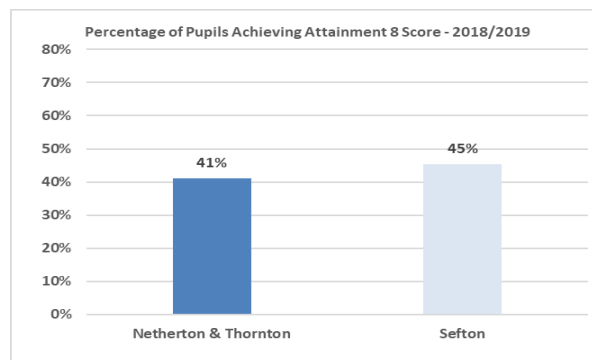
Key Stage 2

Available data for Key Stage 2 indicates that all 7 primary schools within the Netherton and Thornton area made Average, Above Average or Well Above Average progress in the three key areas – Reading, Writing and Maths. The rates across Netherton and Thornton are slightly lower than Sefton as a whole.



Key Stage 4

At Key Stage 4 schools get a score based on how well pupils have performed in up to 8 qualifications, which include English, Maths, 3 English Baccalaureate qualifications including sciences, computer science, history, geography and languages, and 3 other additional approved qualifications. This is known as the Attainment 8 score – The average score across Sefton was 45%, slightly higher than Netherton and Thornton 41%.



Special Education Need (SEN)

The Netherton and Thornton rate of SEN/EHCP students was 14.1%, with 10.9% receiving SEN Support and 3.2% the subject of Education Health & Care (EHC) plans.

School Name	Cohort	Gender		SEN Codes		
		Female	Male	E - EHC Plans	K - SEN Support	Other
Primary						
Forefield Junior	358	161	197	5	48	305
Forefield Infants	329	151	178	0	46	283
Great Crosby	731	337	394	3	24	704
St Mary's	108	61	47	2	6	100
St William of York	263	130	133	4	39	220
Netherton	222	100	122	3	79	140
The Grange	288	102	186	57	27	204
St Oswalds	226	119	107	0	45	181
St Benedict's	243	123	120	2	55	186
Academy/Secondary						
Sacred Heart	1271	705	566	9	78	1184
Chesterfield	1194	584	610	8	124	1062
Holy Family	207	112	95	1	28	178
Special						
Newfield	88	8	80	81	7	0
Total	5,528	2,693	2,835	175	606	4,747
SEFTON	39,977	19,509	20,468	1,126	4,585	34,266

High Needs Funding (HNF)

High needs funding is intended to provide the most appropriate support package for an individual with special educational needs (SEN) in a range of settings.

School Name	Cohort	Gender		SEN Codes		
		Female	Male	E - EHC Plans	K - SEN Support	Other
Primary						
Forefield Junior	358	161	197	10	7	0
Forefield Infants	329	151	178	5	7	0
Great Crosby	731	337	394	2	5	0
St Mary's	108	61	47	0	0	0
St William of York	263	130	133	3	8	0
Netherton	222	100	122	4	2	0
The Grange	288	102	186	0	1	2
St Oswalds	226	119	107	0	3	1
St Benedict's	243	123	120	1	7	1
Academy/Secondary						
Sacred Heart	1271	705	566	3	4	0
Chesterfield	1194	584	610	7	4	1
Holy Family	207	112	95	6	1	0
Special						
Newfield	88	8	80	88	0	0
Total	5,528	2,693	2,835	129	49	5

All 13 schools within Netherton & Thornton receive some element of High Needs Funding for either EHC or SEN Support.

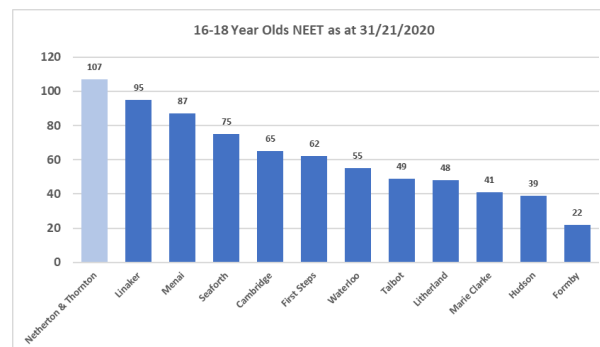
Unsurprisingly, the lion's share of the funding is allocated to Newfield (60%).

Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET)

The number of young people (16-18) in the Netherton and Thornton reach who were registered as Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET) as at 31/12/20 was 107.

When comparing the rate per 1,000 population (91.1), higher than across Sefton (85.5).

Netherton and Thornton accounted for 14% of all young people who were registered NEET.



Community Safety

Netherton & Thornton has slightly lower levels of crime and disorder than the Borough as a whole.

Crime

There were 2,558 crimes reported to Merseyside Police between 2019 and 2020 in Netherton & Thornton, representing 12% of all crimes that occurred within Sefton. This is a rate of 68.3 crimes per 1,000 people compared to the rate seen across Sefton as a whole (76.8 per 1,000).

Just under two fifths (984) of all reports were violent offences followed by Theft (507) being the next most common offence recorded.

A rate of 5.0 crimes per 1,000 population were Drug related, comparable with the rate across Sefton.

Crime 2019/2020

2019/2020	Netherton & Thornton Pop 37,429		Sefton Pop - 276,410	
	Count	Rate per 1000	Count	Rate per 1000
Burglary	182	4.9	1586	5.7
Criminal Damage & Arson	332	8.9	2453	8.9
Drugs	189	5.0	1645	6.0
Public Order	244	6.5	1902	6.9
Other	72	1.9	535	1.9
Sexual	48	1.3	428	1.5
Theft	507	13.5	4746	17.2
Violence	984	26.3	7933	28.7
Total	2558	68.3	21228	76.8

Anti-social Behaviour (ASB)

There were 551 Anti-social Behaviour incidents reported to Merseyside Police between 2019 and 2020 occurring within the Netherton & Thornton area, 11.6% of all Sefton incidents. The area has a rate of 14.7 incidents per 1,000 population, slightly lower than rate seen across Sefton (17.2).

33% of the incidents within the area were reports of Rowdy Inconsiderate Behaviour (182), followed by Vehicle Nuisance (147) being the next most commonly reported incident.

Anti-Social Behaviour 2019/2020

2019/2020	Netherton & Thornton Pop 37,249		Sefton Pop - 276,410	
	Count	Rate per 1000	Count	Rate per 1000
General Nuisance	96	2.6	929	3.4
Nuisance Neighbour	60	1.6	485	1.8
Other	28	0.7	313	1.1
Personal	38	1.0	313	1.1
Rowdy Inconsiderate Behaviour	182	4.9	1968	7.1
Vehicle Nuisance	147	3.9	751	2.7
Total	551	14.7	4759	17.2

Deliberate Fires

There were 76 Deliberate Fire incidents reported to Merseyside Police between 2019/2020 in the Netherton and Thornton area representing 16.5% of all Sefton fires reported. Deliberate Secondary Fires had the highest number of incidents with 77.6%.

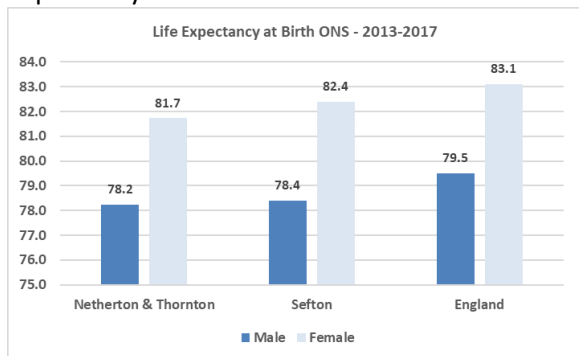
The area has a rate of 2.0 incidents per 1,000 population – slightly higher than the rate seen across Sefton as a whole (1.7 per 1,000)

Deliberate Fires 2019/2020

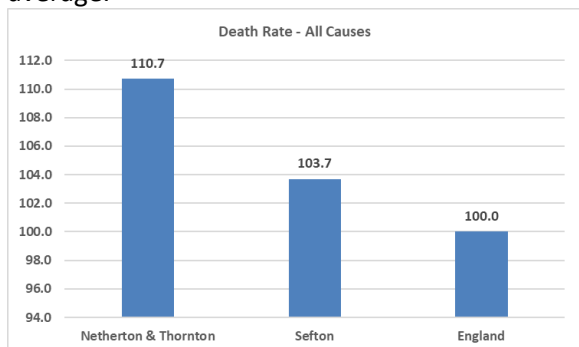
Fires 2019/20	Netherton & Thornton Deliberate Fires		Sefton Deliberate Fires	
	Count	Rate per 1,000	Count	Rate per 1,000
Deliberate Property Fire	7	0.2	38	0.1
Deliberate Secondary Fire	59	1.6	371	1.3
Vehicle Fire	10	0.3	51	0.2
Total	76	2.0	460	1.7

Health

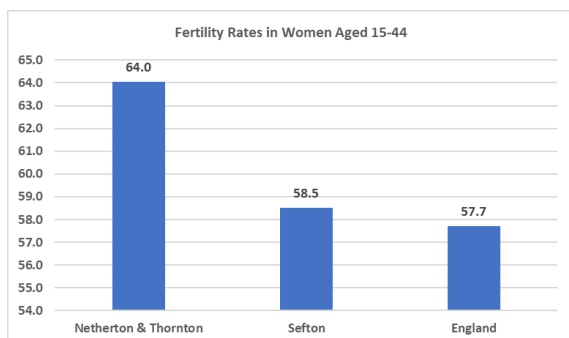
ONS Statistics 2013-2017 recorded, Netherton and Thornton reach has a poorer level of health compared to the borough with lower life expectancy.



Based on current age-specific mortality rates, women’s life expectancy in Netherton & Thornton on average will be slightly lower than Sefton and England; with men’s life expectancy being the same as Sefton but slightly lower than the England average.



The average levels of disease and mortality rates of residents in Netherton & Thornton are generally lower than Sefton and England with the exception of St Oswald bringing the overall average for the area higher.

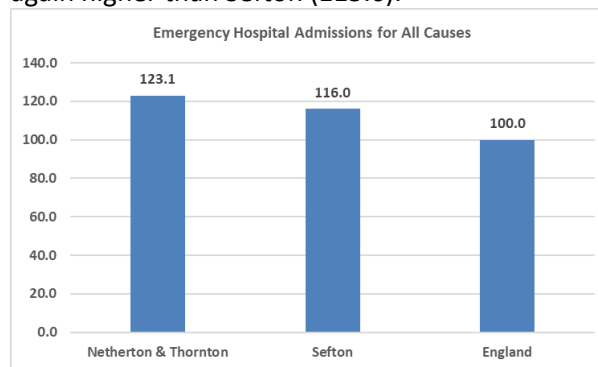


ONS Statistics 2019 recorded the fertility rate in Netherton and Thornton is higher than both Sefton and England rates.

Hospital Admissions

During the period between 2013 and 2017 the rate of hospital admissions for ‘All Causes’ in the Netherton and Thornton reach was higher than Sefton and England.

Chronic Heart Disease (CHD) had the highest rate in Netherton and Thornton with 145.1, higher than Sefton 120.0, followed by Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) with 141.2 again higher than Sefton (115.6).

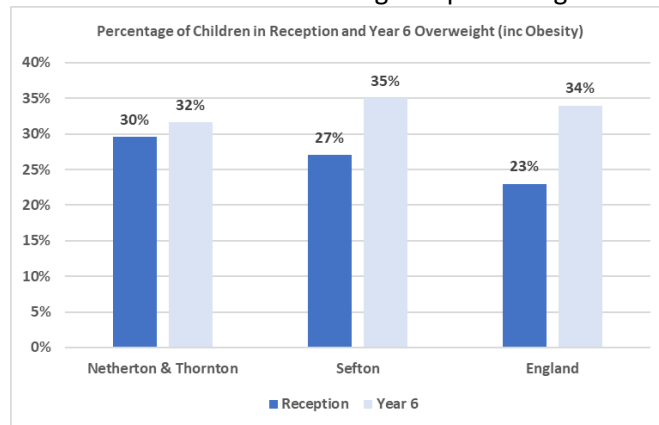


Children Overweight (inc Obesity)

Pupils in the Netherton and Thornton reach taking part in the annual National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) between 2018 and 2019

423 Reception pupils (age 4 to 5), just under a third (123) were recorded as being overweight, higher than Sefton and England percentages.

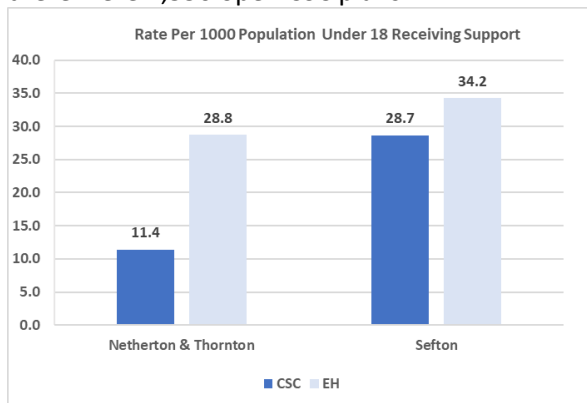
406 Year 6 pupils (age 10 to 11), again just under a third (126) were recorded as being overweight, lower than both Sefton and England percentages.



Service Demand & Delivery

Children’s Social Care

In the area covered by the Netherton and Thornton Family Wellbeing Centre, as at 31/12/20 there were 85 children aged between 0 and 17 years with an open Children’s Social Care plan; this equates to 11.4 per 1,000 children residing in the area, lower than the Sefton rate of 28.7 where there were 1,550 open CSC plans.



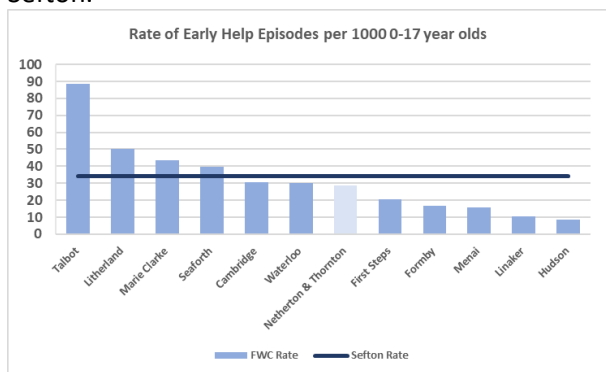
There are three plan types,
 Children Looked After – CLA
 Children in Need Plan – CIN
 Child Protection – CP

Currently, in the Netherton and Thornton area:

- 24 children are subject to CLA (Sefton 704)
- 38 children are subject to CIN (Sefton 631)
- 23 children are subject to CP (Sefton 215)

Early Help

As at 31/12/20 Sefton had 1,850 open Early Help Episodes of which Netherton and Thornton were supporting 214 children, a rate of 28.8 per 1,000 population of 0 – 17-year olds, comparable with Sefton.



Children Centres

Due to Covid 19, activities at each of the Family Wellbeing Centres have been suspended since March 2020.

The most recent data available covers the period between October 2017 and September 2018.

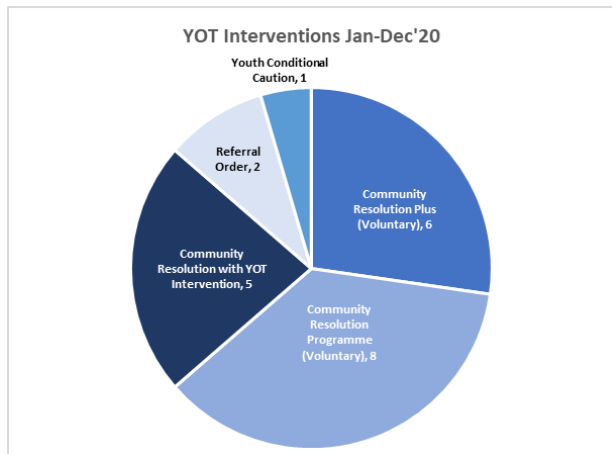
Between October 2017 and September 2018 there were 2,063 individuals from Netherton & Thornton registered at Sefton Children Centres, 53% of which were under 18.

There were 6,710 attendances of under 18-year olds at the Netherton & Thornton Family Wellbeing Centre between October 2017 and September 2018. This is a rate of 916.8 per 1,000 population.

As should be expected, the overwhelming number of attendances at the Family Centre in the year to November 2018 were related to child wellbeing and development, primarily Day Care and ‘Stay and Play’ however, a quarter of the attendances were not directly related to children, including Adult Learning Services and Healthy Life Styles.

Youth Offending Team (YOT)

Within the Netherton and Thornton reach there were 22 young people (aged between 10 and 17) on YOT interventions between January 2020 and December 2020.



Sefton Turnaround

The Sefton Turnaround Programme is an important element of Sefton’s Early Help strategy. The aim is to align the outcomes for a range of partners, including healthcare, criminal justice agencies, housing providers, schools and colleges, Department for Work and Pensions and organisations from the voluntary, community and faith sector to:

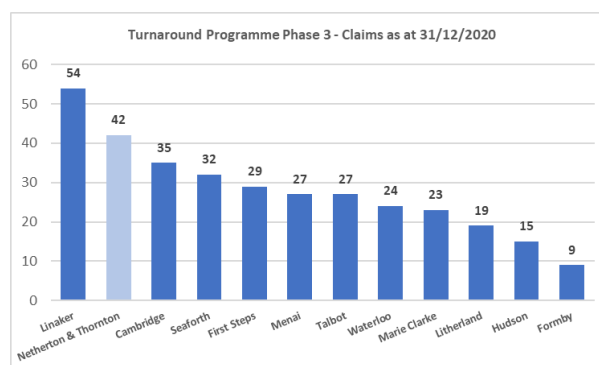
- Reduce harm to families and individuals by delivering interventions in a timely and effective way
- Reduce costs by working in more innovative and collaborative ways
- Increase the number of families receiving support at an earlier stage, before problems become established

Families identified for the Sefton Turnaround Programme will have two or more of the following six problems.

1. Families involved in criminal and antisocial behaviour
2. Families where children do not attend school regularly
3. Families where children need help
4. Families with adults out of work and young people at risk of worklessness
5. Families affected by domestic violence and abuse
6. Families with a range of health problems

These issues often interact, causing further harm and increasing the difficulty for families to resolve these issues themselves. All interventions delivered through the Sefton Turnaround Programme will make use of an evidence-led model; one coordinated plan, one lead practitioner and one family at the heart of the intervention.

Since April 2020 when the Turnaround Programme Phase 3 began, 42 families from within the Netherton and Thornton reach have been successfully “Turned Around” as at December 2020.



MOSAIC Profile

Experian's Mosaic Public Sector product is designed to identify groupings of consumer behaviour for households and postcodes. The methodology used is unique to Experian and has been developed over many years to create classifications using data from a wide variety of different sources and different levels of geography.

It is designed to describe the UK population in terms of their *typical* demographics, social, economic, cultural, and lifestyle behaviour. The population is classified into 66 'Types' that identify groups of individuals or households that are as similar as possible to each other and as different as possible from any other group. These 'Types' group together hierarchically into 15 'Groups'.

In each type there are a number of key features which make each category distinctive and are useful to bear in mind when devising communications or delivery strategies targeted at them. These are *subjective* and are intended to highlight key issues rather than to be comprehensive. Clearly not every one of the Borough's 125,000 households will match exactly to just one of 66 different Mosaic Types or 15 Mosaic Groups. The description should be recognised as "generic types", examples to which individual cases only approximate with various degrees of exactness.

Overview

There are approximately 37,429 residents living in 16,616 households across Netherton & Thornton of which 60% of the households in the area are classified as belonging to five of the 15 Mosaic Groups (F, E, L, I and H). These are generally characterised as:

- F – Predominantly older residents, living in their own homes, with additional pensions to that of the state. Minimal miles driven, and new technology is not liked.
- E – Predominantly older families, with some adult children still living at home in suburban mid-range three-bedroom homes. Long term residents of the area. The internet is used for research within the households.

- L - Predominantly young, single, transient renters without children. Predominantly lower incomes of £20-29k. Tend to be early adopters of technology with a preference for mobile and web interaction.
- I - Predominantly families with many children living in areas of high deprivation and who need support where expenditure can exceed income.
- H - Predominantly younger households, in full-time employment on starter salaries. Living in private suburbs with affordable housing costs. They use the internet for buying and selling.

Mosaic Group	Netherton & Thornton		Sefton	
	Households	Percent	Households	Percent
F Suburban Stability	2838	17.1%	17345	13.6%
E Senior Security	2000	12.0%	16796	13.2%
L Vintage Value	1866	11.2%	13798	10.8%
I Family Basics	1642	9.9%	11681	9.2%
H Aspiring Homemakers	1626	9.8%	13332	10.5%

Family Wellbeing Centre Comparators

	Life Expectancy at Birth		Standardised Admission Ratios								Standardised Mortality Ratio	Standardised Incidence Ratio	Standardised Fertility Ratio
	Males	Females	All causes	CHD	Admissions for Stroke	Myocardial Infarction (heart attack)	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)	Alcohol Related Harm	Hip Fracture in 65+	Self Harm		All Cancers	Women Aged 15-44
First Steps	80.8	85.4	94.8	97.9	82.5	80.2	73.2	90.1	78.1	137.0	81.8	97.8	49.7
Formby	81.9	85.4	80.1	82.6	75.6	53.9	44.6	68.4	81.3	81.4	79.2	98.4	45.3
Linaker	78.8	83.1	110.5	113.2	91.3	85.6	99.4	103.0	97.6	156.4	101.3	100.5	52.4
Talbot	75.1	81.6	119.7	116.9	96.4	80.2	99.8	146.3	98.6	235.3	120.2	102.8	46.6
Hudson	81.1	84.5	105.5	115.1	76.1	81.3	72.8	84.3	86.7	52.1	85.4	106.2	67.0
Menai	79.3	83.1	126.1	133.9	94.9	85.0	134.0	108.9	94.7	77.1	100.6	110.5	64.0
Litherland	75.9	81.1	131.6	144.0	95.4	107.1	185.9	122.3	117.2	110.2	121.1	122.9	57.7
Netherton & Thornton	78.2	81.7	123.1	145.1	95.4	97.6	141.2	122.3	123.6	79.3	110.7	108.7	64.0
Cambridge	75.9	79.9	160.8	172.1	132.1	125.4	270.6	190.2	130.1	168.9	131.5	134.6	63.1
Marie Clarke	77.4	81.1	148.4	148.2	113.7	107.3	240.8	163.5	108.1	113.8	117.0	122.0	73.2
Seaforth	71.8	75.6	178.3	179.8	124.6	139.8	389.5	241.2	135.2	193.0	175.9	129.9	73.8
Waterloo	79.1	81.5	110.1	105.7	82.8	84.2	92.1	117.6	122.0	78.2	119.4	98.8	53.0
Sefton	78.4	82.4	116.0	120.0	90.3	86.1	115.6	117.6	99.5	120.6	103.7	106.1	58.5
LCR			131.7	129.3	107.1	99.7	147.8	131.8	108.7	142.8	115.9	110.7	55.8
NW			118.7	127.2	109.5	115.7	130.2	115.4	105.3	129.9	111.2	104.9	58.9
England	79.5	83.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	57.7

Notes on Data & Methodology

Output Area (OA) – are clusters of adjacent postcodes and are used as the basis of the Census data. They are made up of a minimum of 40 to 125 households. As of Census 2011 Sefton have 933 OAs, previous to this there were 937.

Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) – are built using adjoining OAs. They have between 400 and 1200 households. Currently Sefton has 189 LSOAs, previous to 2011 there were 190.

Middle Super Output Area (MSOA) – are built using LSOAs and have a minimum household number of 2000 up to 6000. There are 38 MSOAs in Sefton this has not changed.

Ward – “administrative division of a city or borough that typically elects and is represented by a councillor or councillors” (Oxford Dictionary)

For further information relating to these geographies please see: [ONS Census 2011](#)

Population Estimates 2019 – annual population count estimates for wards in Sefton by single year of age and sex.

Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019 (IMD) measures levels of deprivation, across seven domains, nationally at Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) level. This provides a mean score and ranking allowing areas to be compared relatively to other areas. The IMD data is created by the Department for Communities and local Government. The higher the score the more affected the area. Sefton has 189 LSOAs as of Census 2011. Please note that IMD data is provided by LSOAs which have been merged into best fit wards.

Experian Mosaic is a classification tool used to categorise the population according to the type of neighbourhood in which they live. It is constructed from a range of sources including the Census, consumer behaviour, financial and lifestyle factor data. It is a useful tool for gaining more in-depth insight into lifestyles and behaviour of the population. Mosaic segments the population into 15 Groups (A-O) and 66 Types.

Children Living in Low Income Families (CLIF) is defined as: Children living in families in receipt of out of work benefits or tax credits whose reported income is less than 60 per cent of the median income divided by the total number of children in the area (determined by Child Benefit data) and is a proxy measure for child poverty.

Occupancy Rating (bedrooms) provides a measure of whether a household's accommodation is overcrowded or under occupied.

Universal Credits (UC) is a monthly payment for low income workers and those out of work. UC replaces six other benefit types (Job Seekers Allowance, Employment and Support Allowance, Income Support, Child Tax Credits, Working Tax Credits and Housing Benefits). UC has been rolled out across England and was introduced in Sefton in June 2014. Please note that claims are per household meaning two people who resided together may claim the benefit, which will then be paid into one account. Please note that UC data is provided LSOAs which have been merged into best fit wards.

Personal Independence Payment (PIP) can help you with some of the extra costs if you have a long-term ill-health or disability.

Child benefits (CB) is a social security payment paid to parents or guardians of children under the age of 16 or those who continue into further education until aged 18.

Housing Benefits (HB) is a means tested benefit for people on low-incomes to help pay their rent.

“The **Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS)** sets standards for the learning, development and care of children from birth to 5 years old. All schools and Ofsted-registered early years providers must follow the EYFS, including childminders, preschools, nurseries and school reception classes.”

For further information please see link:

[Foundation Years](#)

“**Key Stage 1** is taught during Years 1 and 2 of primary school. Targets defined in the National Curriculum are assessed at the end of each Key Stage.”

For further information please see link:

[GOV.UK Key Stage 1 and 2](#)

“**Key Stage 2** is taught during Years 3 to 6 of primary school. Targets defined in the National Curriculum are assessed at the end of each Key Stage.”

For further information please see link:

[GOV.UK Key Stage 1 and 2](#)

Progress 8 and Attainment 8

“Progress 8 aims to capture the progress a pupil makes from the end of primary school to the end of secondary school. It is a type of value-added measure, which means that pupils’ results are compared to the actual achievements of other pupils with the same prior attainment.

The performance measures are designed to encourage schools to offer a broad and balanced curriculum with a focus on an academic core at key stage 4, and reward schools for the teaching of all their pupils, measuring performance across 8 qualifications. Every increase in every grade a pupil achieves will attract additional points in the performance tables.

Progress 8 is calculated for individual pupils solely in order to calculate a school’s Progress 8 score, and there is no need for schools to share individual Progress 8 scores with their pupils. Schools should continue to focus on which qualifications are most suitable for individual pupils, as the grades pupils achieve will help them reach their goals for the next stage of their education or training.

Attainment 8 measures the achievement of a pupil across 8 qualifications including mathematics (double weighted) and English (double weighted), 3 further qualifications that count in the English Baccalaureate (EBacc) measure and 3 further qualifications that can be GCSE qualifications (including EBacc subjects) or technical awards from the DfE approved list.”

For further information please see link:

[GOV.UK Attainment 8](#)

Source

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Page	Sub Section	Source	Date
7	Population	ONS - Mid-2019 Population Estimates for 2019 Wards in England and Wales by Single Year of Age and Sex -	2019

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7&8	IMD / IDACI	Gov.UK - English Indices of Deprivation 2019 - Supplementary Indices - Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index	2019
8	Accessing Foodbanks	Trussell Trust	2020

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9	Household Income	Experian: Household Mosaic Classification	2020
9	Economic Activity	Census 2011 - KS603EW Economic Activity by Sex	2011

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9	Universal Credits	Stat-Xplore - People on Universal Credit - December 2020	2020
9	Child Benefits	Gov.UK - Child Benefit Small Area Statistics - August 2019	2019
9	Housing Benefits	Sefton MBC - Revenues and Benefits System - May 2020	2020
9	Personal Independent Payment	Stat-Xplore - PIP - Personal Independent Payment July 2020	2020
9	Emergency Limited Assistance Scheme	Sefton MBC - Welfare Reform	2020

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11	Early Years Foundation Stage - Achievement	Sefton MBC & DfE - EYFSP - SFR50-2019	2019
11	Primary Settings - KS1 Achievement	Sefton MBC & DfE - SFR42_2019_KS1_LA_tables&NCER Emerging National KS1	2019
11	Primary Settings - KS2 Achievement	Sefton MBC & DfE - SFR62_KS2_2019_LA_Tables&NCER Emerging National KS2 TA / Test	2019
11	Secondary School Settings - KS4 Achievement	Sefton MBC & DfE -SFR03_2019_LA_Characteristics_Tables	2019
12	SEN	Sefton School Census January 2020	2020
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14	Life Expectancy Female & Male	Local Health Indicators - ONS - Life Expectancy at Birth Females / Males	2013 - 2017
14	General Fertility Rate	Annual Births extract and mid-year population estimates - ONS - Crude Fertility Rate of live births per 1000 females aged 15-44	2013 - 2017
14	National Child Measurement Programme	Sefton MBC - National Child Measurement Programme	2018-2019
14	Hospital Admissions - All Causes	fingertips.phe.org.uk - Emergency Hospital Admissions for All Causes SAR	2018
14	Hospital Admissions - Intentional Self-harm	fingertips.phe.org.uk - Hospital Admissions for Self Harm SAR	2018
14	Standardised Mortality Ratio	Local Health Indicators - ONS - Deaths From All Causes, All Ages SMR	2018
14	Incidence of Cancer	Local Health Indicators - ONS - Incidence of All Cancer SIR	2018

Service Demand & Delivery in Ward			
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15	Children Social Care	Sefton MBC - Children's Social Care	2020
15	Early Help	Sefton MBC - Children's Social Care	2020
16	YOT	Sefton MBC - Youth Offending Team	2020
16	Turnaround Programme	Sefton MBC - Children's Social Care	2020

Mosaic Classification			
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17	Mosaic Classification	Experian: Household Mosaic Classification	2020

Family Wellbeing Centre Health Comparators			
Page	Sub Section	Source	Date
18	Comparators	fingertips.phe.org.uk/Local Health Indicators - ONS	2013-2018